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Standing Orders

Based on NALC's Model Standing Orders 2018 (England)
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Contents

1.	Rules of debate at meetings	03
2.	Disorderly conduct at meetings	04
3.	Meetings generally	05
4.	Filming and recording meetings	07
5.	Committees and sub-committees	08
6.	Ordinary Council meetings	09
7.	Extraordinary meetings of the Council committees & sub-committees	10
8.	Previous resolutions	11
9.	Voting on appointments	11
10.	Motions for a meeting that require written notice to be given to the Proper Officer	11
11.	Motions at a meeting that do not require written notice	12
12.	Management of information	12
13.	Draft minutes	13
14.	Code of conduct and dispensations	14
15.	Code of conduct complaints	16
16.	Proper Officer	16
17.	Responsible Financial Officer	17
18.	Accounts and accounting statements	18
19.	Financial regulations	18
20.	Handling staff matters	19
21.	Responsibilities to provide information	19
22.	Responsibilities under data protection legislation	20
23.	Relations with the press/media	20
24.	Execution and sealing of legal deeds	20
25.	Communicating with District and County or Unitary councillors	20
26.	Restrictions on councillor activities	21
27.	Standing orders generally	21
28.	Urgent action between meetings	21

1. Rules of debate at meetings

- a Motions on the agenda shall be considered in the order that they appear unless the order is changed at the discretion of the chair of the meeting
- b A motion (including an amendment) shall not be progressed unless it has been moved and seconded.
- c A motion on the agenda that is not moved by its proposer may be treated by the chair of the meeting as withdrawn.
- d If a motion (including an amendment) has been seconded, it may be withdrawn by the proposer only with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
- e An amendment is a proposal to remove or add words to a motion. It shall not negate the motion.
- f If an amendment to the original motion is carried, the original motion (as amended) becomes the substantive motion upon which further amendment(s) may be moved.
- g An amendment shall not be considered unless early verbal notice of it is given at the meeting and, if requested by the chair of the meeting, is expressed in writing to the chair.
- h A councillor may move an amendment to their own motion if agreed by the meeting. If a motion has already been seconded, the amendment shall be with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
- i If there is more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion, the amendments shall be moved in the order directed by the chair of the meeting.
- j Subject to standing order 1(k), only one amendment shall be moved and debated at a time, the order of which shall be directed by the chair of the meeting.
- k One or more amendments may be discussed together if the chair of the meeting considers this expedient but each amendment shall be voted upon separately.
- l A councillor may not move more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion.
- m The mover of an amendment has no right of reply at the end of debate on it.
- n Where a series of amendments to an original motion are carried, the mover of the original motion shall have a right of reply either at the end of debate of the first amendment or at the end of debate on the final substantive motion immediately before it is put to the vote.
- o Unless permitted by the chair of the meeting, a councillor may speak once in the debate on a motion except:
 - i to speak on an amendment moved by another councillor;

- ii to move or speak on another amendment if the motion has been amended since they last spoke;
 - iii to make a point of order;
 - iv to give a personal explanation; or
 - v to exercise a right of reply.
- p During the debate of a motion, a councillor may interrupt only on a point of order or a personal explanation and the councillor who was interrupted shall stop speaking. A councillor raising a point of order shall identify the standing order which they consider has been breached or specify the other irregularity in the proceedings of the meeting they are concerned by.
- q A point of order shall be decided by the chair-of the meeting and their decision shall be final.
- r When a motion is under debate, no other motion shall be moved except:
- i to amend the motion;
 - ii to proceed to the next business;
 - iii to adjourn the debate;
 - iv to put the motion to a vote;
 - v to ask a person to be no longer heard or to leave the meeting;
 - vi to refer a motion to a committee or sub-committee for consideration;
 - vii to exclude the public and press;
 - viii to adjourn the meeting; or
 - ix to suspend particular standing order(s) excepting those which reflect mandatory statutory requirements.
- s Before an original or substantive motion is put to the vote, the chair of the meeting shall be satisfied that the motion has been sufficiently debated and that the mover of the motion under debate has exercised or waived their right of reply.
- t Excluding motions moved under standing order 1(r), the contributions or speeches by a councillor shall relate only to the motion under discussion and shall not exceed 3 minutes without the consent of the chair of the meeting.

2. Disorderly conduct at meetings

- a No person shall obstruct the transaction of business at a meeting or behave offensively or improperly. If this standing order is ignored, the chair of the meeting shall request such person(s) to moderate or improve their conduct.
- b If person(s) disregard the request of the chair of the meeting to moderate or improve their conduct, any councillor or the chair of the meeting may move that the person be no longer heard or excluded from the meeting. The motion, if seconded, shall be put to the vote without discussion.

- c If a resolution made under standing order 2(b) above is ignored, the chair of the meeting may take further reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include temporarily suspending or closing the meeting.

3. Meetings generally

■ Full Council meetings ■ Committee meetings ■ Sub-committee meetings

- a **Meetings shall not take place in premises which at the time of the meeting are used for the supply of alcohol, unless no other premises are available free of charge or at a reasonable cost.**
- b **The minimum three clear days for notice of a meeting does not include the day on which notice was issued, the day of the meeting, a Sunday, a day of the Christmas break, a day of the Easter break or of a bank holiday or a day appointed for public thanksgiving or mourning.**
- c **The minimum three clear days' public notice for a meeting does not include the day on which the notice was issued or the day of the meeting unless the meeting is convened at shorter notice.**
- ■ d **Meetings shall be open to the public unless their presence is prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the confidential nature of the business to be transacted or for other special reasons. The public's exclusion from part or all of a meeting shall be by a resolution which shall give reasons for the public's exclusion.**
- e Members of the public may make representations, answer questions and give evidence at a meeting which they are entitled to attend in respect of the business on the agenda.
- f At the chair's discretion and with the agreement of the Council, a member of the public may be invited to answer questions on matters of fact relating to the item under consideration by the Council at that point on the agenda where the matter is being discussed.
- g The period of time designated for public participation at a meeting in accordance with standing order 3(e) shall not exceed 15 minutes unless directed by the chair of the meeting.
- h Subject to standing order 3(g), a member of the public shall not speak for more than 3 minutes.
- i In accordance with standing order 3(e), a question shall not require a response at the meeting nor start a debate on the question. The chair of the meeting may direct that a written or oral response be given.

- j A person shall raise their hand when requesting to speak (except when a person has a disability or is likely to suffer discomfort).
- k A person who speaks at a meeting shall direct their comments to the chair of the meeting.
- l Only one person is permitted to speak at a time. If more than one person wants to speak, the chair of the meeting shall direct the order of speaking.
- ■ m **The press shall be provided with reasonable facilities for the taking of their report of all or part of a meeting at which they are entitled to be present.**
- n **Subject to standing orders which indicate otherwise, anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chair of the Council may in their absence be done by, to or before the Vice-Chair of the Council.**
- o **The Chair of the Council, if present, shall preside at a meeting. If the Chair is absent from a meeting, the Vice-Chair of the Council, if present, shall preside. If both the Chair and the Vice-Chair are absent from a meeting, a councillor as chosen by the councillors present at the meeting shall preside at the meeting.**
- ■ ■ p **Subject to a meeting being quorate, all questions at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of the councillors or councillors with voting rights present and voting.**
- ■ ■ q **The chair of a meeting may give an original vote on any matter put to the vote, and in the case of an equality of votes may exercise their casting vote whether or not they gave an original vote.**
See standing orders 6(h) and (i) for the different rules that apply in the election of the Chair of the Council at the annual meeting of the Council.
- r **Unless standing orders provide otherwise, voting on a question shall be by a show of hands. At the request of a councillor, the voting on any question shall be recorded so as to show whether each councillor present and voting gave their vote for or against that question.** Such a request shall be made before moving to the vote and will be taken in alphabetical order of those present at the meeting and eligible to vote.
- s The minutes of a meeting shall include an accurate record of the following:
 - i the time and place of the meeting;
 - ii the names of councillors present, submitting apologies and absent;
 - iii interests that have been declared by councillors and non-councillors with voting rights;
 - iv the grant of dispensations (if any) to councillors and non-councillors with voting rights;
 - v whether a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights left the meeting when matters that they held interests in were being considered;

- vi if there was a public participation session; and
- vii the resolutions made.

- ■ ■ t **A councillor or a non-councillor with voting rights who has a disclosable pecuniary interest or another interest as set out in the Council's Code of Conduct in a matter being considered at a meeting is subject to statutory limitations or restrictions under the code on their right to participate and vote on that matter.**

- u **No business may be transacted at a meeting unless at least one-third of the whole number of members of the Council are present and in no case shall the quorum of a meeting be less than three.**
See standing order 5d (viii) for the quorum of a committee or sub-committee meeting.

- ■ ■ v **If a meeting is or becomes inquorate no business shall be transacted** and the meeting shall be closed. The business on the agenda for the meeting shall be adjourned to another meeting.

- w Meetings shall not exceed a period of 2½ hours, unless the Council resolves to continue to sit to complete the business on the agenda.

4. Filming and recording meetings

- a When a meeting of the Council, its committees or sub-committees is open to the public, any person, if present may:
 - i film, photograph or make an audio recording of a meeting;
 - ii use any other means for enabling persons not present to see or hear proceedings at a meeting as it takes place or later;
 - iii report or comment on the proceedings in writing during or after a meeting or orally report or comment after the meeting.

- b Oral reporting or commentary is not permitted during any part of a meeting of the Council, its committees and sub-committees.

- c An individual must be present and able to use their equipment in order to film, photograph or audio record a meeting. There will be no opportunity to report on any part of the meeting where the Council has resolved to exclude the press and public.

- d Disruptive behaviour:
 - i No filming, photographing or audio recording of a meeting should be carried out in such a way as to disrupt the proceedings of the meeting.
 - ii If person(s) disregard the request of the chair of the meeting to moderate or improve their behaviour, any councillor or the chair of the meeting may move that the person be instructed to cease filming, photographing or audio recording. The motion, if seconded, shall be put to the vote without discussion.

- iii If a resolution under standing order 4d(ii) is ignored, the chair of the meeting may take further reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include temporarily suspending or closing the meeting.

5. Committees and sub-committees

- a **Unless the Council determines otherwise, a committee may appoint a sub-committee whose terms of reference and members shall be determined by the committee.**
- b **The members of a committee may include non-councillors unless it is a committee which regulates and controls the finances of the Council.**
- c **Unless the Council determines otherwise, all the members of an advisory committee and a sub-committee of the advisory committee may be non-councillors.**
- d The Council may appoint standing committees or other committees as may be necessary, and:
 - i shall determine their terms of reference including the scheme of delegation and the role of Chair and Vice-Chair as ex officio members with or without voting rights;
 - ii shall determine the number and time of the ordinary meetings of a standing committee up until the date of the next annual meeting of the Council;
 - iii shall permit a committee, other than in respect of the ordinary meetings of a committee, to determine the number and time of its meetings;
 - iv shall, subject to standing orders 5(b) and (c), appoint and determine the terms of office of members of such a committee;
 - v may, subject to standing orders 5(b) and (c), appoint and determine the terms of office of the substitute members to a committee whose role is to replace the ordinary members at a meeting of a committee if the ordinary members of the committee confirm to the Proper Officer 3 days before the meeting that they are unable to attend;
 - vi shall, after it has appointed the members of a standing committee, appoint the chair of the standing committee;
 - vii shall permit a committee other than a standing committee, to appoint its own chair at the first meeting of the committee;
 - viii shall determine the place, notice requirements and quorum for a meeting of a committee and a sub-committee which, in both cases, shall be no less than three;
 - ix shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a committee;
 - x shall determine if the public and press are permitted to attend the meetings of a sub-committee and also the advance public notice requirements, if any, required for the meetings of a sub-committee;
 - xi shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a sub-committee that they are permitted to attend; and
 - xii may dissolve a committee or a sub-committee.

- e Advisory committees and outside bodies
 - i The Council may appoint advisory committees comprised of a number of councillors and non-councillors and appoint councillors to serve on outside bodies. Advisory committees and any sub-committees may consist wholly of persons who are non-councillors.
 - ii Following a meeting of an outside body to which the Council has appointed a representative(s), the councillor(s) appointed shall provide a written or oral report about the business discussed and decisions taken at that meeting to the following meeting of the Council; and
 - iii a standing item for this purpose will be included on every Council agenda.

6. Ordinary Council meetings

- a **In an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on or within 14 days following the day on which the new councillors elected take office.**
- b **In a year which is not an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on such day in May as the Council decides.**
- c **If no other time is fixed, the annual meeting of the Council shall take place at 7pm.**
- d **In addition to the annual meeting of the Council, at least three other ordinary meetings shall be held in each year on such dates and times as the Council decides.**
- e **The first business conducted at the annual meeting of the Council shall be the election of the Chair and Vice-Chair (if any) of the Council.**
- f **The Chair of the Council, unless they have resigned or becomes disqualified, shall continue in office and preside at the annual meeting until their successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the Council.**
- g **The Vice-Chair of the Council, if any, unless they resign or becomes disqualified, shall hold office until immediately after the election of the Chair of the Council at the next annual meeting of the Council.**
- h **In an election year, if the current Chair of the Council has not been re-elected as a member of the Council, they shall preside at the meeting until a successor Chair of the Council has been elected. The current Chair of the Council shall not have an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chair of the Council but must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.**
- i **In an election year, if the current Chair of the Council has been re-elected as a member of the Council, they shall preside at the meeting until a new Chair of the Council has been elected. They may exercise an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chair of the Council and must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.**

- j Following the election of the Chair of the Council and Vice-Chair (if any) of the Council at the annual meeting of the Council, the business of the annual meeting shall include:
 - i **In an election year, delivery by the Chair of the Council and councillors of their acceptance of office forms unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date. In a year which is not an election year, delivery by the Chair of the Council of their acceptance of office form unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date;**
 - ii Confirmation of the accuracy of the minutes of the last meeting of the Council;
 - iii Receipt of the minutes of the last meeting of a committee;
 - iv Consideration of the recommendations made by a committee;
 - v Review of delegation arrangements to committees, sub-committees, staff and other local authorities;
 - vi Review of the terms of reference for committees;
 - vii Appointment of members to existing committees;
 - viii Appointment of any new committees in accordance with standing order 5 above;
 - ix Determining the time and place of ordinary meetings of the full Council up to and including the next annual meeting of full Council.

- k The following items should be reviewed annually, but not necessarily at the annual meeting:
 - i Review and adoption of appropriate standing orders and financial regulations;
 - ii Review of arrangements, (including legal agreements), with other local authorities, not-for-profit bodies and businesses.
 - iii Review of representation on or work with external bodies and arrangements for reporting back;
 - iv In an election year, to make arrangements with a view to the Council becoming eligible to exercise the general power of competence in the future;
 - v Review of inventory of land and assets including buildings and office equipment;
 - vi Confirmation of arrangements for insurance cover in respect of all insured risks;
 - vii Review of the Council's and/or staff subscriptions to other bodies;
 - viii Review of the Council's Policy Schedule;
 - ix Review of the Council's expenditure incurred under s.137 of the Local Government Act 1972 or the general power of competence.

7. Extraordinary meetings of the Council committees & sub-committees

- a **The Chair of the Council may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council at any time.**

- b **If the Chair of the Council does not call an extraordinary meeting of the Council within seven days of having been requested in writing to do so by two councillors, any two councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting must be signed by the two councillors.**

- c The chair of a committee or a sub-committee may convene an extraordinary meeting of the committee or the sub-committee at any time.
- d If the chair of a committee or a sub-committee does not call an extraordinary meeting within 7 days of having been requested to do so by two members of the committee or the sub-committee, any two members of the committee and the sub-committee may convene an extraordinary meeting of a committee and a sub-committee.

8. Previous resolutions

- a A resolution shall not be reversed within six months except by a special motion, which requires written notice by at least 5 councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 10.
- b When a motion moved pursuant to standing order 8(a) has been disposed of, no similar motion may be moved for a further six months.

9. Voting on appointments

- a Where more than two persons have been nominated for a position to be filled by the Council and none of those persons has received an absolute majority of votes in their favour, the name of the person having the least number of votes shall be struck off the list and a fresh vote taken. This process shall continue until a majority of votes is given in favour of one person. A tie in votes may be settled by the casting vote exercisable by the chair of the meeting.
- b Where more than two persons have been nominated for a position to be filled by the Council, the vote will be taken by a written ballot of those members present and eligible to vote. The outcome of the vote will be reported by the Clerk

10. Motions for a meeting that require written notice to be given to the Proper Officer

- a A motion shall relate to the responsibilities of the meeting which it is tabled and in any event shall relate to the performance of the Council's statutory functions, powers and obligations or an issue which specifically affects the Council's area or its residents.
- b No motion may be moved at a meeting unless it is on the agenda and the mover has given written notice of its wording to the Proper Officer at least 7 clear days before the meeting. Clear days do not include the day of the notice or the day of the meeting.
- c The Proper Officer may, before including a motion on the agenda received in accordance with standing order 10(b), correct obvious grammatical or typographical errors in the wording of the motion.
- d If the Proper Officer considers the wording of a motion received in accordance with standing order 10(b) above is not clear in meaning, the motion shall be rejected until

the mover of the motion resubmits it in writing to the Proper Officer so that it can be understood at least 5 clear days before the meeting.

- e If the wording or subject of a proposed motion is considered improper, the Proper Officer shall consult with the chair of the forthcoming meeting or, as the case may be, the councillors who have convened the meeting, to consider whether the motion shall be included in the agenda or rejected.
- f The decision of the Proper Officer as to whether or not to include the motion on the agenda shall be final.
- g Motions received shall be recorded and numbered in the order that they are received.
- h Motions rejected shall be recorded with an explanation by the Proper Officer for their rejection.
- i A written notice of motion shall not relate to any matter which may be considered under the Council's Code of Conduct, Complaints Procedure or employment policies.

11. Motions at a meeting that do not require written notice

- a The following motions may be moved at a meeting without written notice to the Proper Officer;
 - i to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes of a meeting;
 - ii to move to a vote;
 - iii to defer consideration of a motion;
 - iv to refer a motion to a particular committee or sub-committee;
 - v to appoint a person to preside at a meeting;
 - vi to change the order of business on the agenda;
 - vii to proceed to the next business on the agenda;
 - viii to require a written report;
 - ix to appoint a committee or sub-committee and their members;
 - x to extend the time limits for speaking;
 - xi to exclude the press and public from a meeting in respect of confidential or sensitive information which is prejudicial to the public interest;
 - xii to not hear further from a councillor or a member of the public;
 - xiii to exclude a councillor or member of the public for disorderly conduct;
 - xiv to temporarily suspend the meeting;
 - xv to suspend a particular standing order (unless it reflects mandatory statutory requirements);
 - xvi to adjourn the meeting; or
 - xvii to close a meeting.

12. Management of information

See also standing order 21.

- a **The Council shall have in place and keep under review, technical and organisational measures to keep secure information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. Such arrangements shall include deciding who has access to personal data and encryption of personal data.**
- b **The Council shall have in place, and keep under review, policies for the retention and safe destruction of all information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. The Council's retention policy shall confirm the period for which information (including personal data) shall be retained or if this is not possible the criteria used to determine that period (e.g. the Limitation Act 1980).**
- c **The agenda, papers that support the agenda and the minutes of a meeting shall not disclose or otherwise undermine confidential information or personal data without legal justification.**
- d **Councillors, staff, the Council's contractors and agents shall not disclose confidential information or personal data without legal justification.**

13. Draft minutes

- a If the draft minutes of a preceding meeting have been served on councillors with the agenda to attend the meeting at which they are due to be approved for accuracy, they shall be taken as read.
- b There shall be no discussion about the draft minutes of a preceding meeting except in relation to their accuracy. A motion to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes shall be moved in accordance with standing order 11(a)(i).
- c The accuracy of draft minutes, including any amendment(s) made to them, shall be confirmed by resolution and shall be signed by the chair of the meeting and stand as an accurate record of the meeting to which the minutes relate.
- d If the chair of the meeting does not consider the minutes to be an accurate record of the meeting to which they relate, they shall sign the minutes and include a paragraph in the following terms or to the same effect:

"The chair of this meeting does not believe that the minutes of the meeting of the () held on [date] in respect of () were a correct record but their view was not upheld by the meeting and the minutes are confirmed as an accurate record of the proceedings."
- e Subject to the publication of draft minutes in accordance with standing order 21(a) and following a resolution which confirms the accuracy of the minutes of a meeting, the draft minutes or recordings of the meeting for which approved minutes exist shall be destroyed.

14. Code of conduct and dispensations

See also standing order 3(t).

General

- a The Council has adopted the Cornwall Code of Conduct for City, Community, Parish and Town Councils which will apply to all councillors and members of the public co-opted to serve on Committees and sub Committees of the Council in respect of the entire meeting.

All interests arising from the Code of Conduct adopted by the Council will be recorded in the minutes giving the existence and nature of the interest.

- b Members must have particular regard to their obligation to record and leave the room for matters in which they have an interest as defined by the Code of Conduct or by relevant legislation.
- c The Council shall maintain for public inspection, a Register of Members' interests that is compliant with the Code of Conduct and with relevant legislation.

Members and the Code of Conduct

- d All councillors and members of the public co-opted to serve on Council committees and sub committees shall observe the Code of Conduct adopted by the Council.
- e All councillors and members of the public co-opted to serve on Council committees and sub committees shall maintain a Register of Disclosable Pecuniary Interests, and must update their register by notifying the Monitoring Officer and the Clerk of any changes within 28 days.
- f All councillors shall undertake training in the Code of Conduct within 6 months of the delivery of their declaration of acceptance of office.
- g Unless granted a dispensation, a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights who has registered a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest in relation to any item of business being transacted at a meeting, shall leave the room whenever the item is being discussed, including any part of the meeting where the public are entitled to speak.
- h Unless granted a dispensation, a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights who has registered a non-registerable interest in relation to any item of business being transacted at a meeting, shall leave the room whenever the item is being discussed, including any part of the meeting where the public are entitled to speak.
- i Where a non-registerable interest arises from membership of an outside body as defined in 3.5a of the Council's Code of Conduct, a councillor may remain in the room to address the meeting, provide a short statement and answer questions for no more than 3 minutes before leaving the room at the request of the Chair.

- j Councillors must not accept any gifts or hospitality that could be seen by the public as likely to influence your judgement and you are responsible for declaring all gifts and hospitality received over the value of £50 from a single source in one year, either in the form of a single gift or as a cumulative total. You also must register any gifts or gifts or hospitality over £50 within 28 days of receiving either the gift or hospitality.
- k A member of the Council may, for the purposes of their duty as a member but not otherwise, inspect any document which has been considered by a Committee or by the Council. The Proper Officer or Solicitor to the Council may decline to allow inspection of any document which is protected by other legislation or in the event of legal proceedings would be protected by privilege arising from the relationship of solicitor and client. All Minutes kept for any Committee shall be open for the inspection of any member of the Council during office hours.

Dispensations

- l **Dispensation requests shall be in writing and submitted to the Proper Officer** as soon as possible before the meeting, or failing that, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required.
- m A decision as to whether to grant a dispensation shall be made by a meeting of the Council, or committee or sub-committee for which the dispensation is required and that decision is final.
- n A dispensation request shall confirm:
 - i the description and the nature of the disclosable pecuniary interest or other interest to which the request for the dispensation relates;
 - ii whether the dispensation is required to participate at a meeting in a discussion only or a discussion and a vote;
 - iii the date of the meeting or the period (not exceeding four years) for which the dispensation is sought; and
 - iv an explanation as to why the dispensation is sought.
- o This policy shall apply to all meetings of the Council, its committees and sub-committees.
- p No dispensation will be awarded for any meeting where there are no minutes of the proceedings.
- q **A dispensation may be granted in accordance with standing order 14(m) above if having regard to all relevant circumstances the following applies:**
 - i **without the dispensation the number of persons prohibited from participating in the particular business would be so great a proportion of the meeting transacting the business as to impede the transaction of the business or**
 - ii **granting the dispensation is in the interests of persons living in the Council's area or**
 - iii **it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.**

15. Code of conduct complaints

- a Notification of any complaint shall remain confidential to the Proper Officer of the Council until such time as the matter has been concluded, when the outcome of the complaint shall be reported to a meeting of full Council.
- b Where the notification relates to a complaint made by the Proper Officer, the Proper Officer shall notify the Chair or Vice Chair of that fact, who, upon receipt of such notification, shall nominate a person to assume the duties of the Proper Officer set out in this standing order, and who shall continue to act in respect of that matter as such until the complaint is resolved.
- c Where a notification relates to a complaint made by an employee (not being the Proper Officer) the Proper Officer shall ensure that the employee in question does not deal with any aspect of the complaint
- d The Council may:
 - i provide information or evidence where such disclosure is necessary to progress an investigation of the complaint or is required by law;
 - ii seek information relevant to the complaint from the person or body with statutory responsibility for investigation of the matter;
- e References to a notification shall be taken to refer to a communication of any kind which relates to a breach or an alleged breach of the code of conduct by a councillor.
- f **Upon notification by Cornwall Council that a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights has breached the Council's Code of Conduct, the Council shall consider any recommendations and what, if any, action to take against them. Such action excludes disqualification or suspension from office and shall be limited to those sanctions recommended by the Monitoring Officer as part of the Decision Notice.**

16. Proper Officer

- a The Proper Officer shall be either the clerk or other staff member(s) nominated by the Council to undertake the work of the Proper Officer when the Proper Officer is absent.
- b The Proper Officer shall:
 - i **at least three clear days before a meeting of the Council, a committee or a sub-committee,**
 - **serve on councillors, by delivery or post at their residences, or by email authenticated in such manner as the Proper Officer thinks fit, a signed summons confirming the time, place and the agenda (provided the councillor has consented to service by email), and**
 - **provide, in a conspicuous place, public notice of the time, place and agenda (provided that the public notice with agenda of an extraordinary meeting of the Council convened by councillors is signed by them).**

See standing order 3(b) for the meaning of clear days for a meeting of a full Council and standing order 3(c) for the meaning of clear days for a meeting of a committee.

- ii subject to standing order 10, include on the agenda all motions in the order received unless a councillor has given written notice at least 7 days before the meeting confirming their withdrawal of it;
- iii **convene a meeting of full Council for the election of a new Chair of the Council, occasioned by a casual vacancy in their office;**
- iv **facilitate inspection of the minute book by local government electors;**
- v **receive and retain copies of byelaws made by other local authorities;**
- vi hold acceptance of office forms from councillors;
- vii hold a copy of every councillor's register of interests;
- viii assist with responding to requests made under freedom of information legislation and rights exercisable under data protection legislation, in accordance with and subject to the Council's policies and procedures;
- ix liaise, as appropriate with the Council's Data Protection Officer (if there is one);
- x receive and send general correspondence and notices on behalf of the Council except where there is a resolution to the contrary;
- xi manage the organisation, storage of, access to, security of and destruction of information held by the Council in paper and electronic form subject to the requirements of data protection and freedom of information legislation and other legitimate requirements (e.g. the Limitation Act 1980);
- xii arrange for legal deeds to be executed;
See also standing order 24.
- xiii arrange or manage the prompt authorisation, approval, and instruction regarding any payments to be made by the Council in accordance with the Council's financial regulations;
- xiv record every planning application notified to the Council and the Council's response to the local planning authority;
- xv refer a planning application received by the Council to the Chair, or in their absence the Vice-Chair, of the Council within two working days of receipt to facilitate an extraordinary meeting if the nature of a planning application requires consideration before the next ordinary meeting of the Council;
- xvi manage access to information about the Council via the publication scheme; and
- xvii retain custody of the seal of the Council (if any) which shall not be used without a resolution to that effect.
See also standing order 24.

17. Responsible Financial Officer

- a When the Responsible Officer is absent, the Council will appoint a member to an unpaid post to undertake the work of the Responsible Financial Officer if required.

18. Accounts and accounting statements

- a “Proper practices” in standing orders refer to the most recent version of Governance and Accountability for Local Councils – a Practitioners’ Guide”.
- b All payments by the Council shall be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the Council’s financial regulations.
- c The Responsible Financial Officer shall supply to each councillor as soon as practicable after 30 June, 30 September and 31 December in each year a statement to summarise:
 - i the Council’s receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for each quarter;
 - ii the Council’s aggregate receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for the year to date;
 - iii the balances held at the end of the quarter being reported, and which includes a comparison with the budget for the financial year and highlights any actual or potential overspends.
- d As soon as possible after the financial year end at 31 March, the Responsible Financial Officer shall provide:
 - i each councillor with a statement summarising the Council’s receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for the last quarter and the year to date for information; and
 - ii to the full Council the accounting statements for the year in the form of Section 2 of the annual governance and accountability return as required by proper practices, for consideration and approval.
- e The year-end accounting statements shall be prepared in accordance with proper practices and applying the form of accounts determined by the Council (receipts and payments, or income and expenditure) for a year to 31 March. A completed draft annual governance and accountability return shall be presented to all councillors at least 14 days prior to anticipated approval by the Council. The annual governance and accountability return of the Council, which is subject to external audit, including the annual governance statement, shall be presented to the Council for consideration and formal approval before 30 June.

19. Financial regulations

The Council has established Financial Regulations for the governance and management of its finances and to meet the requirements of the audit and accountability regime in place at the time. These are attached as Part II of these Standing Orders.

- a All payments by the Council shall be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the Council’s Financial Regulations.

- b The Council's proper practices will be in accordance with the most recent Joint Panel on Accountability and Governance (JPAG) Practitioners Guide.

20. Handling staff matters

- a A matter personal to a member of staff that is being considered by a meeting of Council is subject to standing order 12.
- b Subject to the Council's policies regarding the handling of performance, capability and disciplinary matters, the Clerk shall contact the Chair of the Staffing Committee or in their absence the Vice-Chair of the Staffing Committee in respect of an informal or formal matter and this shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of the Council.
- c Subject to the Council's policy regarding absences from work, the Clerk shall notify the Chair of the Council or, if they are not available, the Vice-Chair of the Council of absence occasioned by illness or other reason and that person shall report such absence at the next Council meeting.
- d The Chair of the Staffing Committee or in their absence, the Vice-Chair, shall upon a resolution conduct a review of the performance and annual appraisal of the work of the Clerk. The reviews and appraisal shall be reported in writing and is subject to approval by resolution by the Council.
- e Subject to the Council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, the Clerk shall contact the Chair of the Staffing Committee or in their absence, the Vice-Chair of the Staffing Committee in respect of an informal or formal grievance matter, and this matter shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of the Council.
- f Subject to the Council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, if an informal or formal grievance matter raised by the Clerk relates to the Chair or Vice-Chair of the Staffing Committee, this shall be communicated to another member of the Council which shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of the Council.
- g Any persons responsible for all or part of the management of staff shall treat as confidential the written records of all meetings relating to their performance, capabilities, grievance or disciplinary matters.
- h In accordance with standing order 12(a) the Council will identify two persons with line management responsibilities who may have access to staff records referred to in standing order 20(g).

21. Responsibilities to provide information

See also standing order 22.

- a In accordance with freedom of information legislation, the Council shall publish information in accordance with its publication scheme and respond to requests for information held by the Council.

22. Responsibilities under data protection legislation

See also standing order 12.

- a The Council may appoint a Data Protection Officer.
- b **The Council shall have policies and procedures in place to respond to an individual exercising statutory rights concerning their personal data.**
- c **The Council shall have a written policy in place for responding to and managing a personal data breach.**
- d **The Council shall keep a record of all personal data breaches comprising the facts relating to the personal data breach, its effects and the remedial action taken.**
- e **The Council shall ensure that information communicated in its privacy notice(s) is in an easily accessible and available form and kept up to date.**
- f **The Council shall maintain a written record of its processing activities.**

23. Relations with the press/media

- a Requests from the press or other media for an oral or written comment or statement from the Council, its councillors or staff shall be handled in accordance with the Council's policy in respect of dealing with the press and/or other media.

24. Execution and sealing of legal deeds

See also standing orders 16(b)(xii) and (xvii).

- a A legal deed shall not be executed on behalf of the Council unless authorised by a resolution.
- b **Subject to standing order 24(a), any two councillors may sign, on behalf of the Council, any deed required by law and the Proper Officer shall witness their signatures.**

The above is applicable to a Council without a common seal.

25. Communicating with District and County or Unitary councillors

- a An invitation to attend a meeting of the Council shall be sent, together with the agenda, to the divisional councillor(s) of Cornwall Council.

- b Unless the Council determines otherwise, a copy of relevant correspondence sent to the unitary authority shall be sent to the divisional councillor(s) representing the area of the Council.
- c At the Chair's discretion and with the approval of the Council, a divisional member may be invited to speak during any item on the agenda to make a short statement and answer any questions.

26. Restrictions on councillor activities

- a Unless authorised no councillor shall
 - i inspect any land and/or premises which the Council has a right or duty to inspect;
 - ii issue orders, instructions or directions;
 - iii incur any expenditure on behalf of the Council or issue an instruction to incur expenditure.

27. Standing orders generally

- a All or part of a standing order, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory requirements, may be suspended by resolution in relation to the consideration of an item on the agenda for a meeting.
- b A motion to add to or vary or revoke one or more of the Council's standing orders, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory requirements, shall be proposed by a special motion, the written notice by at least two thirds councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 10.
- c The Proper Officer shall provide a copy of the Council's standing orders to a councillor as soon as possible after they have delivered their acceptance of office form.
- d The decision of the chair of a meeting as to the application of standing orders at the meeting shall be final.

28. Urgent action between meetings

- a Where no meeting of the Council is scheduled (or can be arranged) within the necessary timescale to enable a decision concerning an urgent matter to be taken, the Clerk may, in consultation with the Chair and Vice-Chair, determine that matter provided that the decision is consistent with Council's Standing Orders and/or Financial Regulations. All decisions taken under this standing order shall be reported to all councillors by email as soon as possible thereafter and to the next meeting of the Council together with the reason(s) for urgency which required such a decision to be taken.